

Development of Stone Fruit Flavor



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Queenstown, MD

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Overview

- My background
- Farcuh Lab research interests
- What is stone fruit flavor?
- Why is stone fruit flavor important?
- Factors affecting stone fruit flavor development
- Take-home messages/ Tips



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CHILE

Santiago



B.S., Agricultural Engineering

University of Chile, Santiago

2001-2005

M.S., Agricultural Sciences (Fruit Production)

University of Chile, Santiago

2005-2007



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University of Chile

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(Fruit Production)**
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**Research & Development
Department**

2007-2008

ChileAgro
Innovadores por Naturaleza

Research Associate

2008-2011



+

ASOEX
ASOCIACION DE EXPORTADORES DE CHILE A.G.

=

consorcio
tecnológico
de la fruta



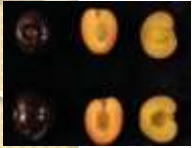
Santiago



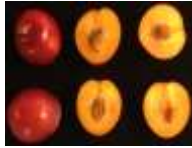


**Ph.D., Hort. & Agronomy
UC Davis**

2012-Sep 2017



vs.



'Santa Rosa' (SR) **'Sweet Miriam' (SM)**

Sugar Metabolism and Hormone Balance



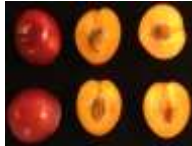


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Sugar Metabolism and Hormone Balance



HM • CLAUSE

Limagrain

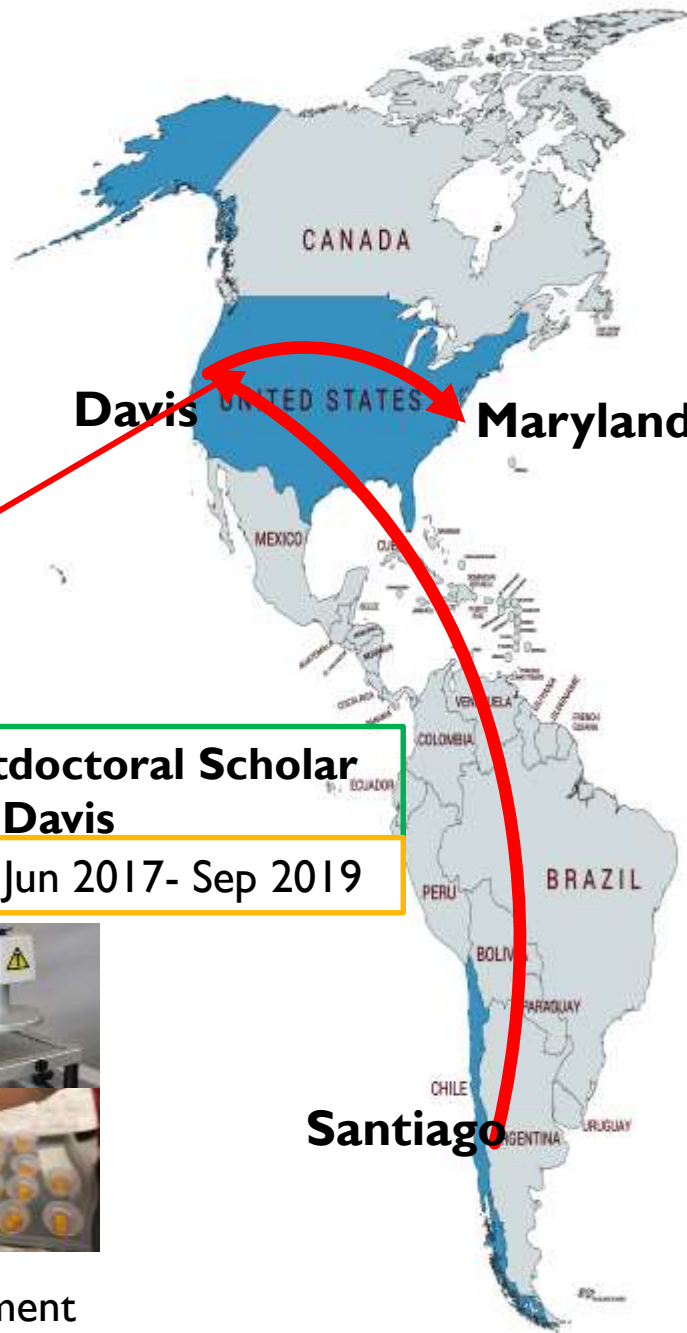
**Postdoctoral Scholar
UC Davis**

Jun 2017- Sep 2019



Texture and Flavor Improvement





Davis **Maryland**

**Assistant Professor,
Horticulture (Fruit)
Univ. of MD**

Oct 2019- present



**Postdoctoral Scholar
UC Davis**

Jun 2017- Sep 2019

Santiago



Texture and Flavor Improvement

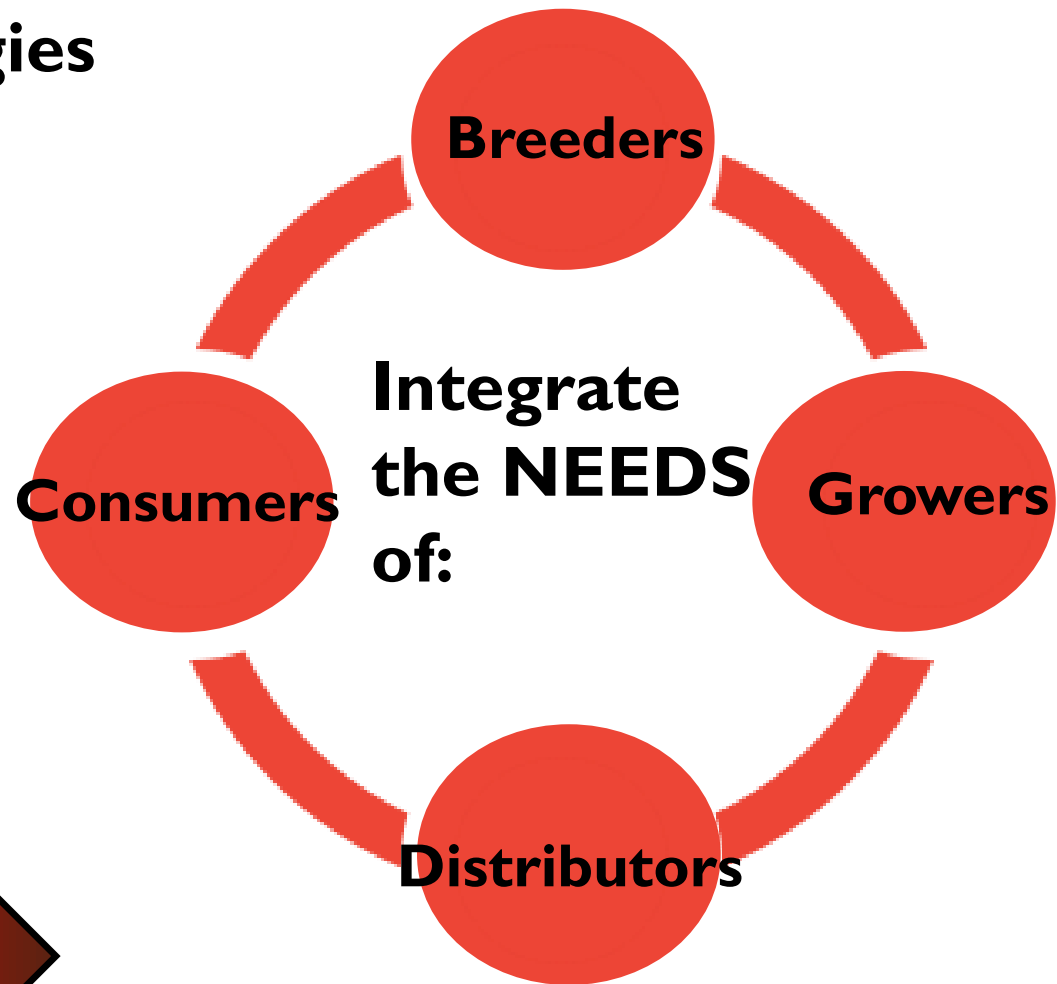


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Farcuh Lab: What do we do?

Develop novel strategies
for improving **FRUIT**:



**Fruit
Development**

Harvest

**Postharvest
storage**

Farcuh Lab: Research interests

- Assessing the impact of preharvest practices and environmental factors on fruit quality, nutritional

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packet!!

- Interrelationships between fruit quality, microbial fruit safety and fungal pathogens.

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 [@FarcuhMacarena](https://twitter.com/FarcuhMacarena)



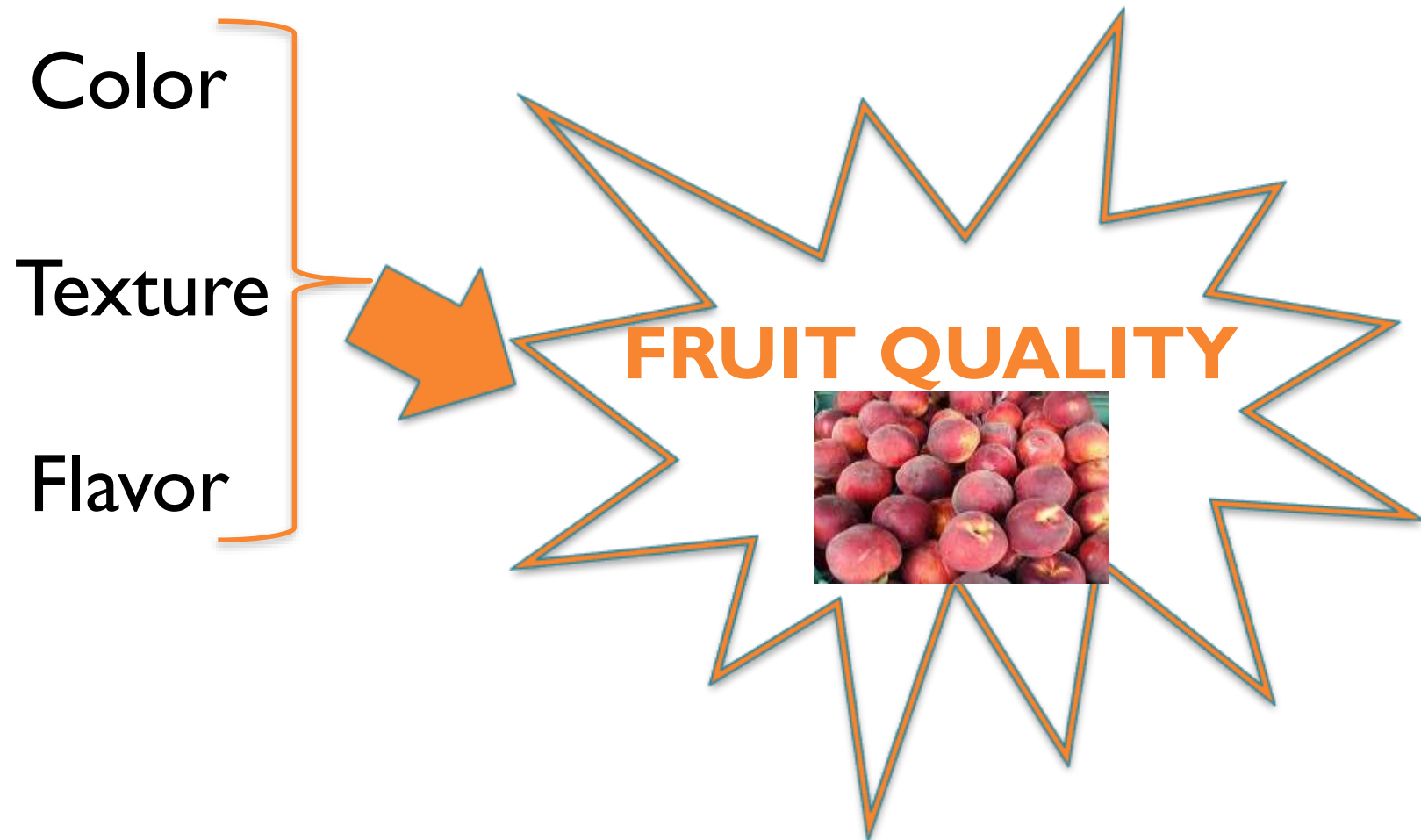
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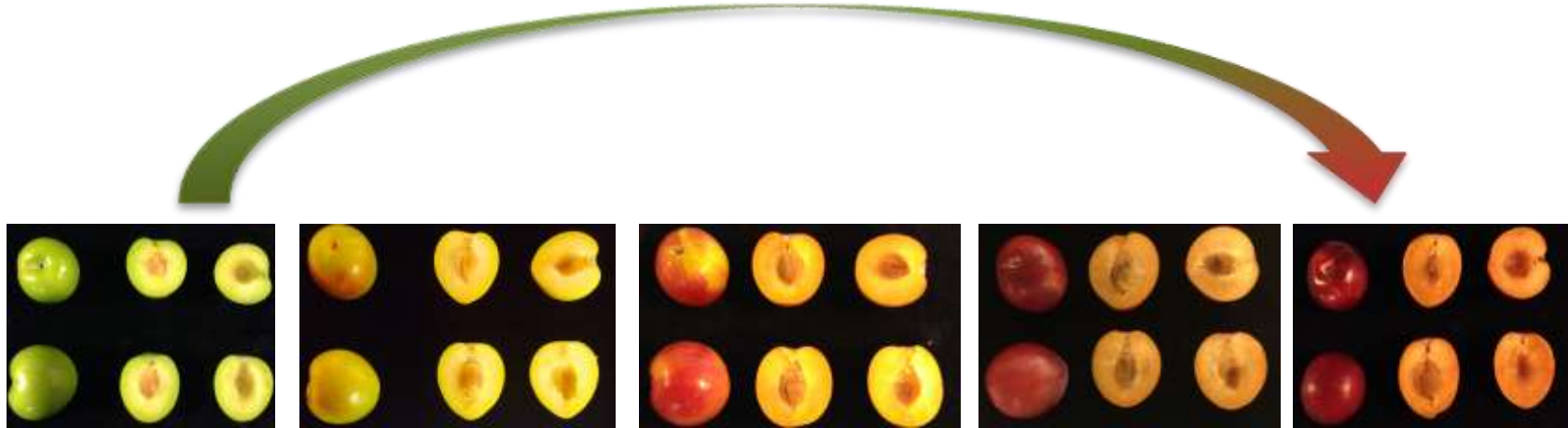


Stone fruit quality and consumer acceptance

Stone fruit quality and consumer acceptance



Color



- Chlorophyll degradation
- Accumulation of non-photosynthetic pigments:
Anthocyanins-Carotenoids



Texture

Fruit softening is crucial for fruit handling and postharvest potential:



- Cell wall modifications
- Turgor pressure
- Skin/cuticle composition



Flavor

Highly complex trait:

TASTE

+

AROMA VOLATILES

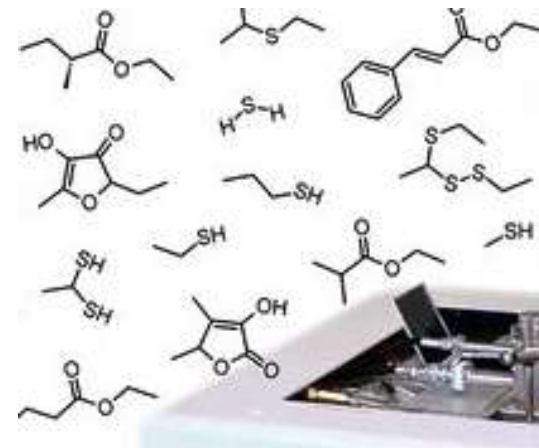


Sweetness:
SUGARS

Acidity:
**ORGANIC
ACIDS**

Production of
volatile compounds

- Quantity
- Composition
- Balance



Fruit Flavor and Consumer Liking

Highly complex trait that contributes to liking:



Fruit flavor evaluation linked to consumer perception:
Sensory Science

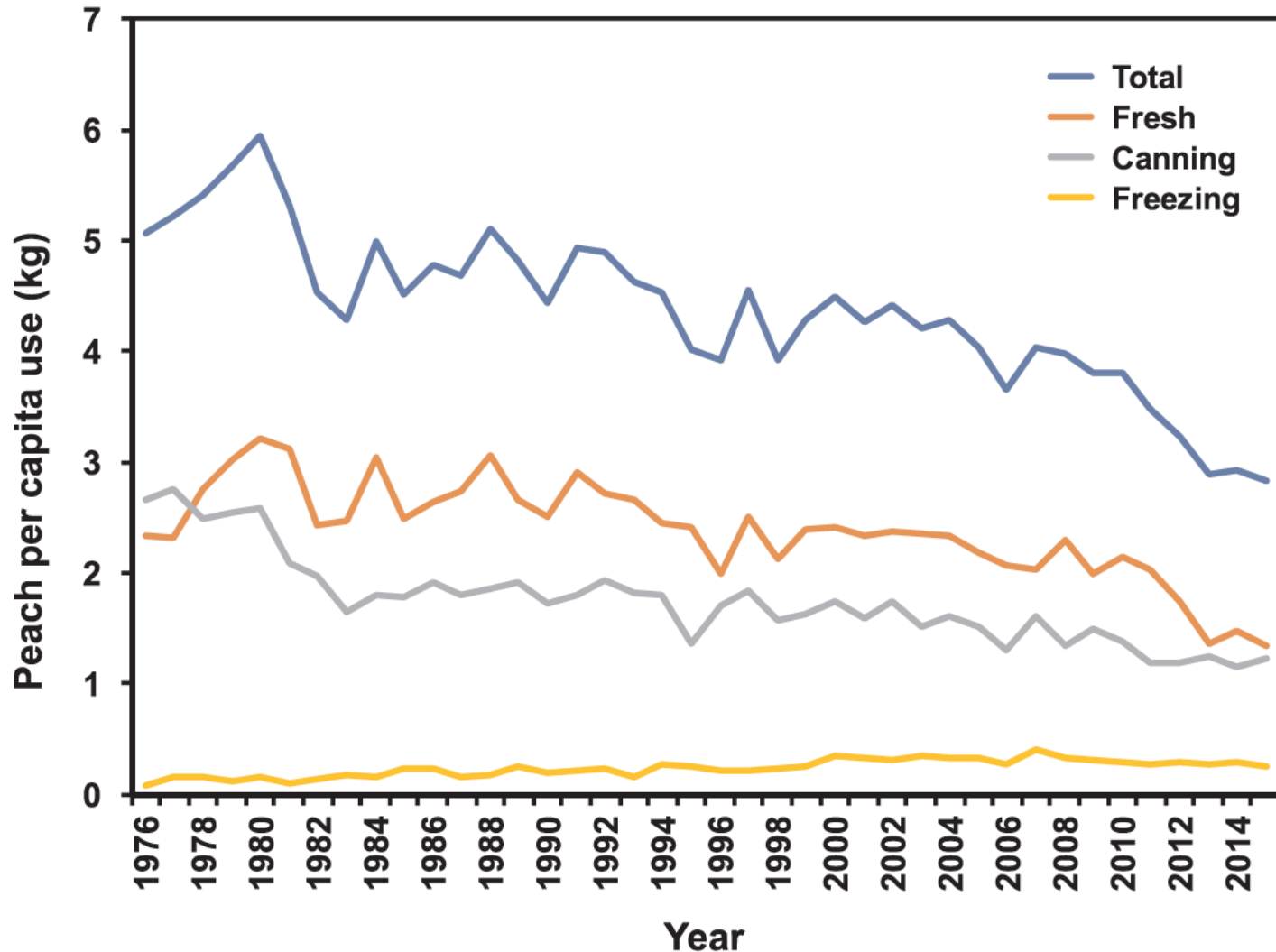




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US Per Capita Peach Consumption



Stone fruit flavor and the supply chain



Breeders

Yield, size, disease resistance, long shelf-life, flesh firmness



Growers

Yield, fruit size, disease resistance, harvest in minimum picking intervals, appearance



Packers/Shippers/ Distributors

Long shelf-life, flesh firmness, texture, appearance, size



Consumers

Fruit flavor, health benefits, nutritional value

Stone fruit flavor and the supply chain



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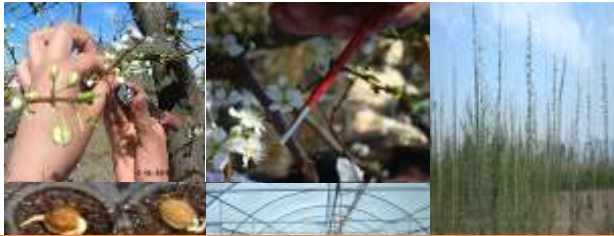


Consumers

Fruit flavor, health benefits, nutritional value



Stone fruit flavor and the supply chain



Focus on **CONSUMERS:**
Fruit Flavor presents a major
opportunity to grow markets !!



Packers/Shippers/
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Long shelf-life, flesh firmness,
texture, appearance, size



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Factors affecting Stone Fruit Flavor Development

1.- Genetic background

- Cultivar selection
- Rootstock Selection

2.- Environmental conditions

3.- Preharvest orchard management practices

4.- Maturity at harvest and harvest practices

5.- Postharvest practices

I.-Genetic Background: Cultivar Selection

Diversity of flavor profiles in different cultivars:

- Flesh color (yellow, white, red)
- Adherence of stone to flesh (freestone or clingstone)
- Texture (melting, non-melting or stony hard)
- Low acidity
- Shape (round or flat)

Freestone Melting



Preferred for fresh consumption

Clingstone Non-Melting



I.-Genetic Background: Cultivar Selection

Diversity of flavor profiles in different cultivars:

- Flesh color (yellow, white, red)
- Adherence of stone to flesh (freestone or clingstone)

CRITICAL:

If genetic material has not been bred for flavor-related traits, these will not be developed in the field.



**Preferred for flesh
consumption**



I.-Genetic Background: Rootstock Selection

Rootstock selection can influence performance of flavor attributes of scion cultivar in *Prunus* sp.:

- Water relations
- Nutrition
- Tree vigor
- Bloom time
- Yield efficiency
- Ripening time and harvest maturity



Important to consider cultivar/ rootstock interactions in stone fruit flavor development.

Factors affecting Stone Fruit Flavor Development

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2.- Environmental Conditions

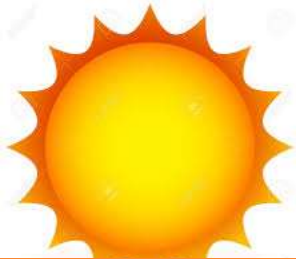


Stone fruit flavor profiles can be affected by:

- Growing seasons
- Growing locations
- Among trees within the orchard
- Within the same tree

Genotype/cultivar x environment interactions

2.- Environmental Conditions



**Stone fruit flavor
profiles can be**

**Stone fruit flavor development can vary
according to environmental conditions**



- Growing locations
- Among trees within the orchard
- Within the same tree

Genotype/cultivar x environment interactions

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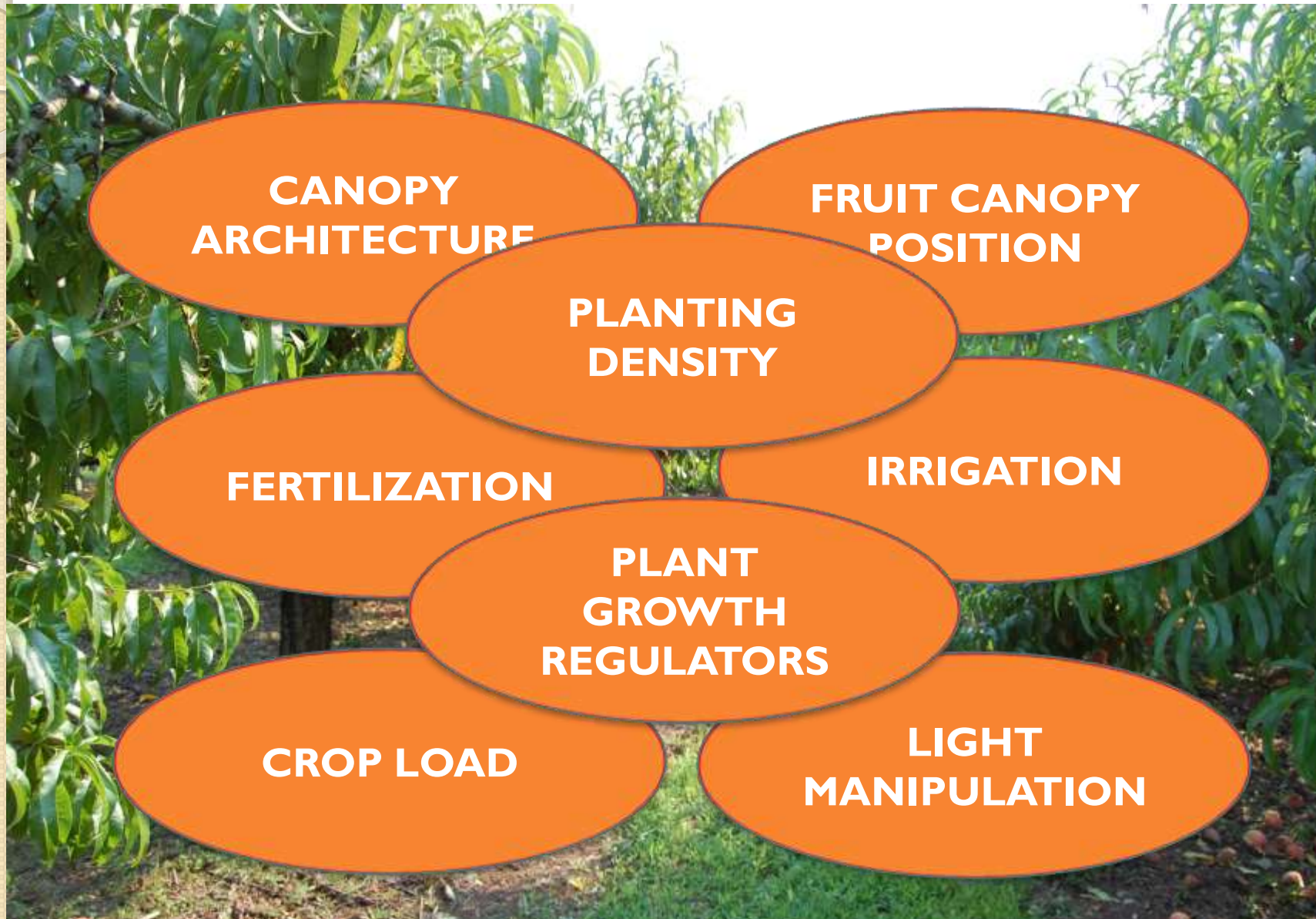
2.- Environmental conditions

3.- Preharvest orchard management practices

4.- Maturity at harvest and harvest practices

5.- Postharvest practices

3.- Preharvest Orchard Management Practices



3.- Preharvest Orchard Management Practices

Research needed to identify optimal cultural practices that maximize flavor quality:

- optimizing crop load
- avoiding excess nitrogen and water

Selection of optimal integrated crop management systems based not only on yield but also on flavor.

Optimizing cultural practices towards a balanced orchard.

Factors affecting Stone Fruit Flavor Development

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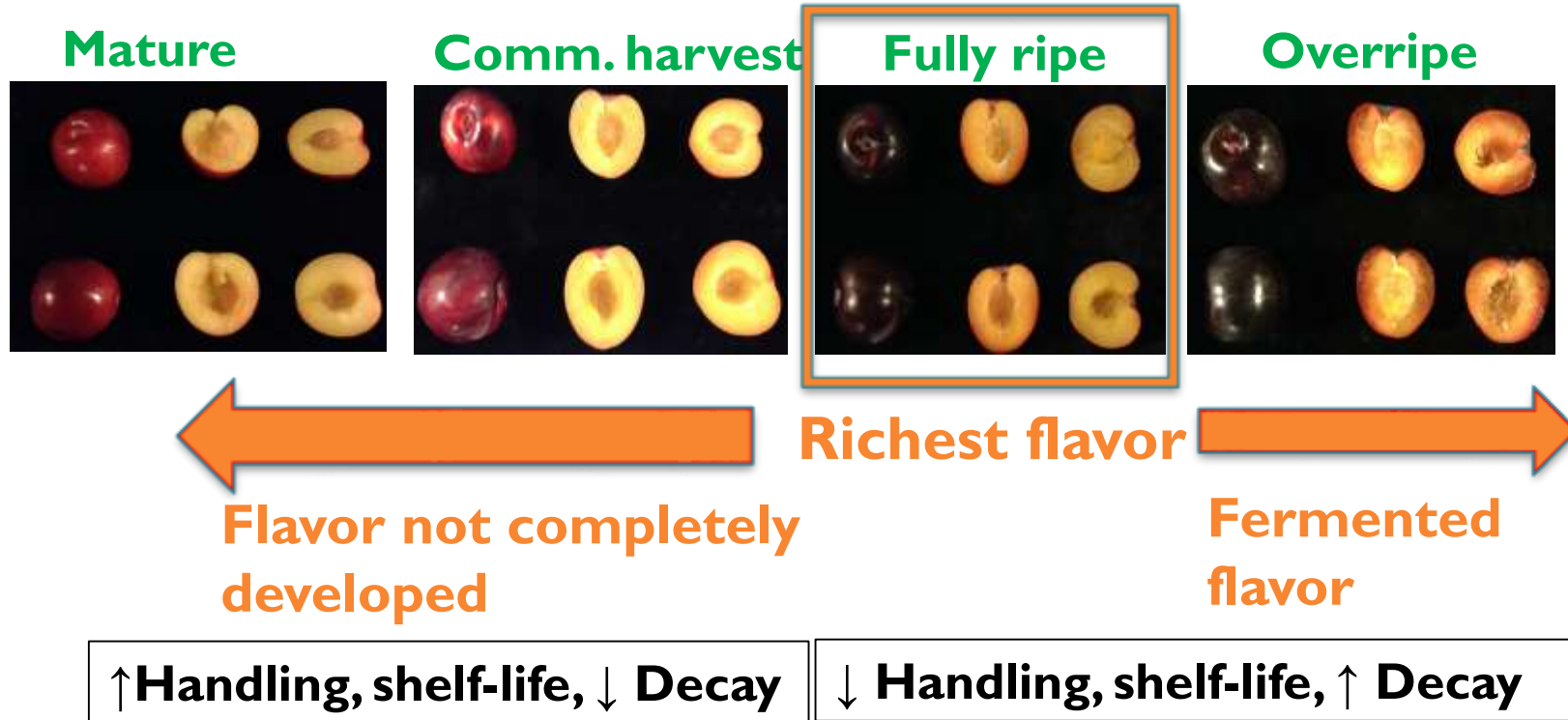
4.- Maturity and Harvest Practices

Stone Fruit Ripening Stages



4.- Maturity and Harvest Practices

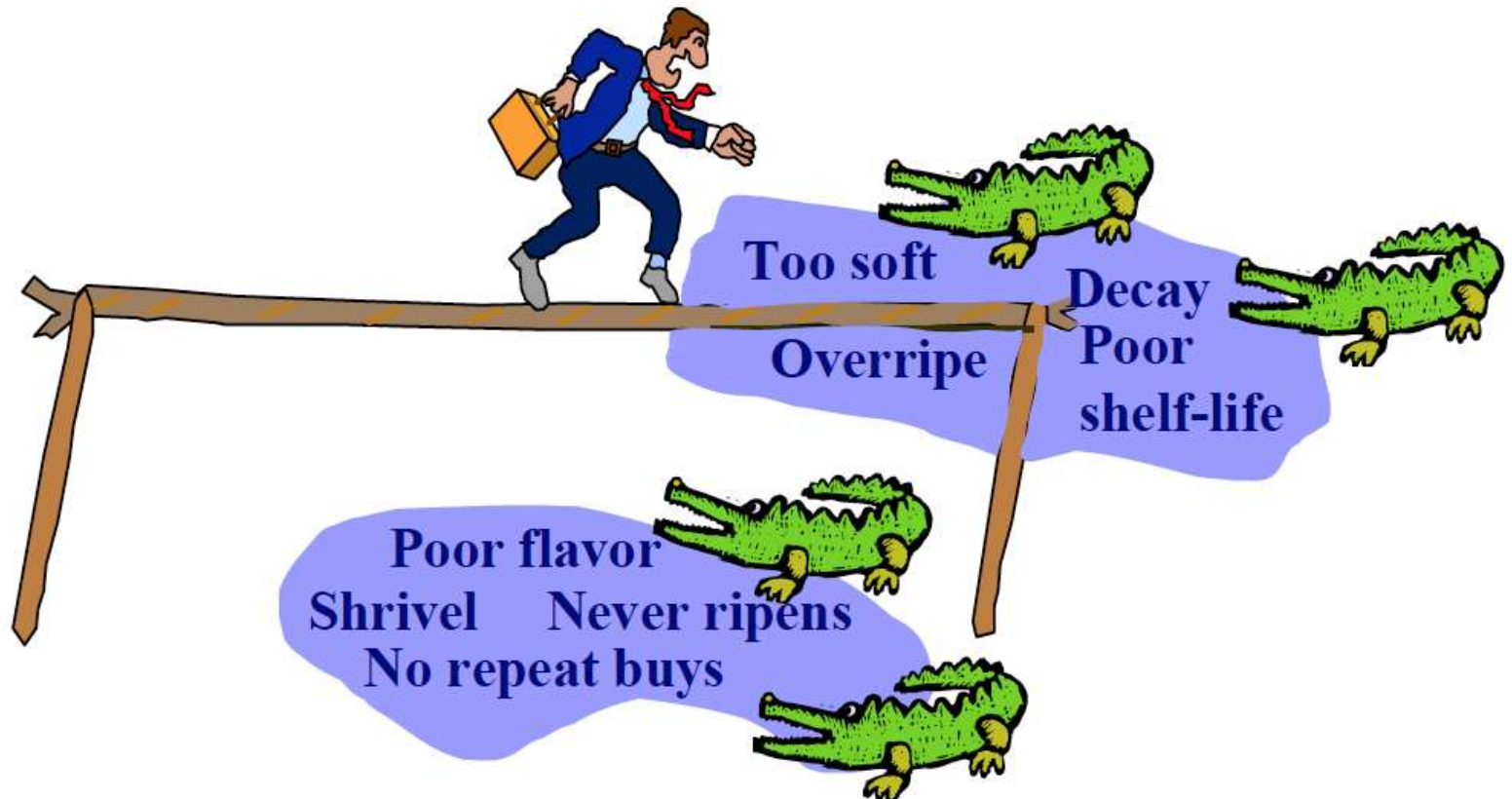
Japanese Plum Fruit Ripening Stages



Harvesting at the correct maturity stage is key for maximizing stone fruit flavor development

4.- Maturity and Harvest Practices

A balancing act.....



Factors affecting Stone Fruit Flavor Development

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2.- Environmental conditions

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5.- Postharvest practices



- Storage temperature x time:

AVOID: 36°F to 46°F

↑ Chilling Injury symptoms:

- 1) Loss of flavor/Development off- flavors
- 2) Flesh Mealiness
- 3) Flesh Browning



- **AVOID:** breaks in cold temperature chain
- Relative Humidity of 90-95%

5.- Postharvest practices

PRECONDITIONING: Maintain fruit flavor



- Fruits held at 68° F (24-48 hrs) **before** cold storage (32°F)
- Considerations:
 - Weight loss and softening



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TAKE-HOME MESSAGES/ TIPS

- **Fruit Flavor = Taste + Aroma Volatiles**
- Stone Fruit Flavor strongly associated to **consumer liking**
- Focus on **CONSUMERS**: Fruit Flavor presents a major opportunity to grow markets !!



TAKE-HOME MESSAGES/ TIPS

Factors affecting **Stone Fruit Flavor development**:

- 1.- Genetic background : selection of **cultivar** + **rootstock**
- 2.- Environment: setup small **trials**
- 3.- Preharvest orchard management practices: optimize practices towards a **balanced orchard**
- 4.- Maturity at harvest and harvest practices: avoid focusing on **appearance and shelf-life** at the **expense of flavor**
- 5.- Postharvest practices:
 - Avoid **36°F and 46°F**
 - **Favor** use of **preconditioning** + storage temperature **32°F**
 - Avoid **breaks** in cold chain

**THANKS FOR YOUR
ATTENTION.**



**PLEASE FILL OUT THE
SURVEY INCLUDED IN
YOUR REGISTRATION
PACKET!!!**

